Organisation, function & duties of West Bengal Police

- 1) Aims and Objectives of the Organisation: The aims and objectives of West Bengal Police is to apply the law fairly and firmly in order to prevent and detect crime, and bring to justice those who break the law. The West Bengal Police strives to keep the State peaceful to help, to protect people through active cooperation of the community.
- 2) Mission /Vision: The mission of West Bengal Police is to enforce the law and to bring the attitudinal change for greater Police Public harmony and thereby achieve greater efficiency in its primary objective of prevention of crime and detection of crime. Police must be compassionate, courteous and patient, acting without fear or favour or prejudice to rights of others.
- 3) Brief History and Background: Modern Policing began in India with the attempt of changing Feudal system of policing in vogue during the Mughal period by Warren Hasting in 1774. However, under the East India Company the scope of policing was limited because their right to collect revenue was not corresponded by the obligation to provide safety and security to the people. Lord Cornwallis tried to remedy this shortcoming by abolishing the old Fouzdary system and concentrate the powers of maintaining law and order in the hands of the company's servants by the Regulation XXII of 1793. This regulation provided that each district was to be divided into 'thanas' under the charge of a 'Daroga' who would be appointed by the Magistrate of the district. The powers of arrest were bestowed upon the Darogas. This system of policing was however improved by Lord Moira on the recommendations of the Select Committee appointed by the House of Commons in 1808, recommendations of Frederick Holiday, (1854-89), Torture Commission Report, 1855 and Sepoy Mutiny in 1857 forced the Biritsh Govt. to appoint a Commission to reorganize the Police force. On the recommendations of the commission, Legislative Council enacted Act V of 1861. This formed the basis of the modern policing in Bengal and in India. The framework provided by Act still remains the main platform on which Police administration of West Bengal stands.
- 4) Structure of the Department: The headquarters of the West Bengal Police is located at "Bhawani Bhavan" Alipore, Kolkata and "Nabanna" Mandirtala, Howrah. The West Bengal Police is headed by the Director General and Inspector General of Police, who is an IPS officer. There are 10 (Ten) other officers of the rank of Director General and Inspector General of Police, 27 officers of the rank of Addl. Director General & Inspector General of Police, 35 officers of the rank of Inspector General of Police, 22 officers of the rank Dy. Inspector General of Police, 106 officers of the rank of Superintendent of Police, 53 officers of the rank of Addl. Superintendent of Police and very large number of other Police officers / men including women police.
- **5) Jurisdiction:** West Bengal Police has been spread over 28 districts including 4 Govt. Railway Police Unit. This apart, there are 6 (Six) Police Commissionerates under West Bengal Police. There are 8 Ranges and 3 Zones for the purpose of supervision of Police service throughout the state. The region is headed by an officer of the rank of Addl. Director General / Inspector General of Police; the range by an officer of the rank of Inspector General / Dy. Inspector General of Police. The Commissionerates are headed by an officer of the rank of Inspector General / Dy. Inspector General of Police.
- I) (a) Districts: There are 28 districts including Rly. Police districts in the State of West Bengal. Overall supervision of Police Stations / Police force in the district rests on the respective Superintendents of Police. Prevention and detection of crime and also maintenance of law and order are important functions of the Police. The officer in-charge of the Police station has the duty to supervise the functioning of the Police station that is prevention and detection of crime and maintenance of law and order within the jurisdiction of the Police station. The Superintendents of Police of the districts supervises the functions of

sub divisional Police officers, Circle Inspectors and officer-in charge of the Police Stations and Armed Police force under his control.

(b) Commissionerate: There are 6 (six) Commissionerate under West Bengal Police namely Bidhannagar Police Commissionerate, Barrackpore Police Commissionerate, Howrah Police Commissionerate, Siliguri Police Commissionerate, Asansol-Durgapur Police Commissionerate and Chandannagar Police Commissionerate. The Commissioner of Police exercises all powers of an Executive Magistrate in relation to that metropolitan area. The overall supervision of Police Stations / Police force in the Commissionerate rests on the respective Commissioner of Police. The officer in-charge of the Police station has the duty to supervise the functioning of the Police station including prevention and detection of crime, maintenance of law and order, traffic management etc. Within the jurisdiction of the Police station. Commissioner of Police of the Commissionerate supervises the functions of its Divisional Police officer, Circle Inspectors and officer-in-charge of the Police Stations and Police force under his control.

The Commissioners / Superintendents of Police are also responsible for the following functions:-

- a) Registration of FIR and investigation of cases, arrest of accused, recovery of stolen property, submission of report in the final form.
- b) Depositing unclaimed property
- c) Recording report regarding missing persons / children and tracing them
- d) Granting permission for loud-speakers, rallies and functions
- e) Providing security to Banks and other important facilities
- f) Supervising serious cases taking initiative to develop better Police Public relation and encourage community oriented policing
- g) Organizing meeting with associations, hearing personal grievances of public and taking remedial action, organizing meeting at the Police Station level and also at the district level specially during the festival and occasion where public cooperation is needed.
- h) Coordination with other Government departments and also with the NGOs:
- II) Criminal Investigation Department: CID unit of West Bengal Police functions with its headquarters at Bhawani Bhavan, Alipore, Kolkata under the supervision of an IPS officer of the rank of Addl. Director General & Inspector General of Police. CID deals with specialized crimes of the following categories:
 - A) Investigation unit/section, CID, WB: -
 - i) Homicide Squad
 - ii) DRBT Section
 - iii) Special Operation Group (SOG)
 - iv) Railway & Highway Crime Cell
 - v) Cyber Crime PS
 - vi) Narcotic Cell
 - vii) Economic Offence Wing (EOW)
 - viii) Cheating & Fraud Section
 - ix) Protection of Women & Children Cell (POWC)
 - x) Anti Human Trafficking Unit (AHTU)

B) Specialized Units of CID WB:

- i) Special Control Room.
- ii) Bomb Detection & Disposal Squad (has it's ramification in different districts)
- iii) Missing person Bureau.
- iv) Law Section.
- v) Computer Section.
- vi) Photography Bureau.

- vii) CI Section.
- viii) CIW Section.
- ix) Cyber Security & Cyber Safety.
- x) Cyber Crime Co-ordination & Anti Cyber Fraud Unit.
- xi) Finger Print Bureau.
- xii) Questioned Document Examination Bureau.
- xiii) CFTL: Cyber Forensics Training Laboratory at CID HQ.
- xiv) Cyber Forensic and Digital Evidence Examiner's Laboratory at SDF Building Module
- No. 114 SDF Building Sector -V, Bidhannagar, Salt Lake, Kolkata-91 of CID West Bengal.

C) Forensic Unit of CID, WB:

D) Administrative Unit of CID, WB:

- i) Reserve Office
- ii) Police Office
- iii) Control Room
- iv) RI Office

Beside CID West Bengal has 24 DD Units throughout the State of West Bengal.

24 DD Units of CID WB

- 1. SALT LAKE DD
- 2. BARASAT DD
- 3. BARRACKPORE D.D.
- 4. SADAR DD
- 5. DIAMOND HARBOUR DD
- 6. HOWRAH DD
- 7. HOOGHLY DD
- 8. NADIA DD
- 9. MURSHIDABAD DD
- 10. ASANSOL & DURGAPUR D.D.
- 11. BURDWAN D.D.
- 12. BANKURA D.D.
- 13. BIRBHUM DD
- 14. PURULIA DD
- 15. PASCHIM MEDINIPUR DD
- 16. PURBA MEDINIPUR DD
- 17. MALDA D.D.
- 18. DAKSHIN DINAJPUR DD
- 19. UTTAR DINAJPUR DD
- 20. COOCH BEHAR DD
- 21. JALPAIGURI DD
- 22. DARJEELING DD
- 23. JHARGRAM DD
- 24. ALIPURDUAR DD

III) Traffic Police: State Traffic Police has been set up vide G.O. No. 1484/PL/PB dated 15.03.2000 which has been revamped vide G.O. No. 1755 (3)- PL/HP/O/PB/3p-3 (Pt.) dated 3rd April 2001.

Traffic Police Wing of West Bengal Police headed by an Addl. Director General & Inspector General of Police.

The Jurisdiction of West Bengal Traffic Branch is to the whole of West Bengal excluding the area of Kolkata Police. The wing is mainly tasked with planning and implementation of traffic system throughout the state through the district superintendents of Police.

In Traffic Headquarters ADG Traffic & Road Safety, WB being assisted by IGP, Traffic, DIG, Dy.SP, Addl. SP used to take all policy decisions regarding traffic matters including planning and implementation of projects, resource management, ground level traffic management, road safety matters etc.

IV) Intelligence Brach: Intelligence Branch of West Bengal Police has its office at 13 Lord Sinha Road, Kolkata- 700071. A senior police official in the rank of Additional Director General of Police exercises overall command, control and supervision in respect of the intelligence Branch of West Bengal. Following all the main assignments of Intelligence Branch.

- a) Collection, collation and dissemination of Intelligence having strategic & administrative importance, security measure, organized crime, law and order implications etc.
- b) Matters like public agitation, agrarian/industrial/student/communal dispute, subversive activities of terrorist organizations and threat to the security of the State as well as the nation.
- c) Security matters of the VVIPs/VIPs, vital installations, important industries etc.
- d) Verification of character and antecedents of job seekers.
- e) Verification of Passport/IPP and coordination for repatriation/deportation etc.
- f) Border related issue

At present Intelligence Branch has been re-structured by constituting Local Intelligence Units (LIU) in different Districts, Police Districts and Commissionerate across the state with an object to improve its functional efficiency and transforming it into a specialized agency.

V) West Bengal Armed Police:

After the dawn of independence 03 Battalions of West Bengal Police were shifted and stationed at the historical Mangal Pandey Uddyan (Latbagan) Barrackpore. Previously this battalions were known as IARF (now SAP 1st & SAP 2nd Bn.) & Special Striking Force (SAP 6th Bn.). Later, in the year 1971 SAP 3rd Bn. was formed and SAP 8th & SAP 9th Bns formed in the year 1976.

At present, the West Bengal Police is comprises of 12 State Armed Police (SAP) Battalions, 03 Battalions of Eastern Frontier Rifles (EFR), 01Battalion for Special Striking Force (SSF), 03 Rapid Action Force (RAF) Battalions, 02 India Reserve (IR) Battalions, 01(one) Specialized India Reserve Battalion (SIRB), 02 Specially Trained Armed (STRA) Battalions, 01 Jangalmahal Battalion at Jhargram, 01Narayani Battalion at Coochbehar & 01 Gorkha Battalion at Nengtichhara, Darjeeling.

The Armed Police Battalions provides the Armed Contingents to assist District Police or Police Commissionerate as per requirement. The Armed Police personnel are also trained to combat terrorism. There are also 04 (four) companies specially trained Rapid Action Force to combat & tackle serious Law & Order problems. Subsequently 04 (four) companies Lady RAF are formed & are stationed at (i) SAP 9th Bn., Krishnanagar (ii) SAP 2nd Bn., Barrackpore (iii) SAP 7th Bn. Kalyanpur, Asansole (iv) SAP 10th Bn., Dabgram, Siliguri. Moreover there is a QRT (Quick Response Team) is existing under SSF Bn., Bkpore. The force is specialized to tackle the crisis situations like urban terrorist attacks, hostage situations, sabotage etc. The team is trained under NSG. There is also 01(one) Commando Company under SAP 1st Bn. created to protect vulnerable areas & VIP/VVIPs.

Besides, Police Bands are available in each Battalion to assist the parade & display band performance during ceremonial occasions & also during important Government events. Jazz band (orchestra) team is presently functioning under the DIG (AP) Cell, Barrackpore.

Moreover there are 07 companies of Disaster Management Group (DMG) to cope up with natural calamities & manmade disasters. They are raised in different parts of West Bengal at (i) SAP 4th Bn., Kasba, Raiganj (ii) SAP 6th Bn., Barrackpore (iii) SAP 7th Bn. Kalyanpur, Asansole (iv) SAP 9th Bn., Krishnanagar (v) SAP 10th Bn., Dabgram, Siliguri (vi) SAP 13th Bn., Barjora, Bankura (vii) SSF Bn., Barrackpore.

Apart from the 07 (Seven) existing companies of Disaster Management Groups (DMG) 07 (Seven) new companies have set up vide Police Order No. 01 of 2025 at the following 07 (Seven) Armed Police Battalions viz., (i) SAP 1st Bn., Barrackpore, (ii) SAP 2nd Bn., Barrackpore, (iii) SAP 3rd Bn., Barrackpore, (iv) SAP 11th Bn., Chharah, Purulia, (v) Jangalmahal Bn., Jhargram (vi) Narayani Bn., Cooch Behar, (vii) Gorkha Bn., Siliguri. Moreover, DM Group of SSF Bn., Barrackpore have been relocated at SAP 8th Bn., Barrackpore in accordance with Police Order 01 of 2013 dated, 18.01.2013. In total 14 (07 existing & 07 new) DM Groups presently function under the supervision of DIG(AP) Barrackpore & the State Coordinating Officer and ADG & IGP (L&O) WB & the State Nodal Officer of the DM Groups. One DM Cell has been set up under the charge of AC, DMG to assist DIG (AP) Barrackpore for their deployment, Training, initiation of proposal and their official work.

Apart from RAF, Lady RAF, DMG, QRT & Commando, it is also to be mentioned here that as per Police Order 13 of 2009 STRACO (Specially Trained Armed Company) has been functioning under 12 Battalions viz., SAP 1st Bn., SAP 2nd Bn., SAP 3rd Bn., SAP 4th Bn., SAP 6th Bn., SAP 7th Bn., SAP 9th Bn., SAP 11th Bn., SAP 11th Bn., SAP 11th Bn., SAP 13th Bn., & SSF Bn.

Presently, the Armed Wing of West Bengal police is headed by the DG & IGP (AP) WB. He is assisted by ADG (AP) WB and IGPs (AP) of Kolkata & North Bengal. All the four Brigades are being looked after by officers of the rank of IGP/DIG and Battalions by Commandants while the composition of SAP Bns. is uniform.

VI) Enforcement Branch: Enforcement Branch, West Bengal is having it's Headquarter at 6th Floor, Araksha Bhawan, Block- DJ, Sector-II, Salt Lake City, Kolkata -91 and is headed by Director General & Inspector General of Police, who is assisted by one Additional Director General & Inspector General of Police, one Inspector General of Police and one Deputy Inspector General of Police and one Special Superintendent of Police, one Addl. Spl. Supdt. of Police, four Dy.Supdts of Police, Executive & Ministerial Staff.

There are District Enforcement Branch in all District including Railway Districts and Enforcement Branchs in the Police Commissionerates (W.B.P). They act as subordinate offices of the Enforcement Branch, West Bengal under the supervisory control of district S.P./S.R.P./C.P. of P.C. of WBP, assisted by Dy.S.Ps. (DEBs)/ A.C.Ps.(EBs) and executive & ministerial staff of the districts / commissionerates.

This branch of West Bengal Police looks after the matter of Enforcement of various controlling order and basically linked with supervision over activities of trade and commerce.

Duties assigned to the officers and men of CEB, EBs & DEBs

Sl.No	Duties performed by CEB/EBs/DEBs
1.	Collection and dissemination of criminal intelligence relating to hoarding, black marketing and
	smuggling of food grains.
2.	Implementation of laws and enforcement of control orders.
3.	Maintaining liaison with Food & Supplies Department and investigation of PDS related cases.
4.	Collection of intelligence and dealing with offences injurious to public health.
5.	Collection of intelligence and dealing with offences related to intellectual properties.

6.	Collection of intelligence and dealing with offences relating to white collar crime.
7.	Enquiries into the petitions relating to the mentioned above.
8.	Enquiries into the complaints of corruption against officers of the government departments in
	general and supplies department in particular.
9.	Investigation of the prevention of audio/video piracy and copyright cases.
10.	Investigation of provident fund defalcation cases.
11.	Enquiries referred to by the State Vigilance Commission and Human Rights Commission.
12.	Enquiries of petitions submitted by the police officers praying for purchase of property
13.	Any other law and order duties assigned to by the PD from time to time.
14.	The monitoring of daily price of enlisted articles including essential food stuffs, vegetables, fish,
	meat and fruits.

Based on these activities daily and weekly evaluation report of market price of essential commodities are prepared and sent to the government. DGP, EB is a member of the Task force Committee of the Government of West Bengal.

Enforcement Branch deals with crimes relating to:-

- i. Essential Commodities Act, 1955
- ii. The Drugs and Cosmetics Act, 1940.
- iii. The copyright Act, 1957
- iv. The Trade Mark Act, 1999
- v. The Mines & Minerals Act, 1957.
- vi. The Copy Right Act, 1957, Trade and Merchandise Marks Act 1958.
- vii. The Prevention of Black Marketing and Maintenance of Supplies Essential Commodities Act, 1980
- viii.The West Bengal Anti Profiteering Act, 1958
- ix. The Lotteries (Regulation) Act, 1998
- x. The Food Safety & Standards Act, 2006.
- xi. The Prevention of Food Adulteration Act, 1954.
- xii. Cases under the relevant Sections of the BNS as below:-
 - 1. **Receiving of Stolen property:-** Sec. 317(2) BNS, 317(5) BNS, 317(5) BNS
 - 2. Cheating:- Sec. 318(2) BNS, 318(3)BNS, 318(4)BNS.
 - 3. Forgery:- Sec. 336(3)BNS, 340(2)BNS.
 - 4. Misappropriation of property:- Sec 314 BNS, 315 BNS.
 - 5. Criminal breach of trust:- Sec. 316(2) BNS, 316(5) BNS.
 - 6. Adulteration: Sec. 274 BNS, 275 BNS, 277 BNS, 278 BNS.
 - 7. Cheating by personation: Sec 319 BNS.

The Jurisdiction in respect of these offences will remain with both the Dist. Enforcement Branches/Enforcement Branches of Police Commissionerates as well as Enforcement Branch (Hqs.)

In addition to this E.B./DEBs also conduct various enquiries entrusted by the Police Directorate and Govt. Agencies.

VII) Police Control Room: The West Bengal Police has its nerve centre at the Police Control Room located at the Police Directorate, Nabanna, Howrah. Also a sub-control room functioning at Bhabani Bhavan Alipur. The Police control room functions 24 hours and collects all information from all places of

the State of West Bengal. All executive instructions are also transmitted through the Police control room. The Police Control Room is equipped with modern communication equipments including computers which are used for instant transmission of information instructions vide e-mail.

All the District Police Control rooms and the Sub Divisional Control Rooms are equipped with the 100 Dial system for the benefit of public.

VIII) Vigilance: An office of Inspector General of Police has been established to undertake departmental proceedings and enquiry against Police officers indulging in corruption, negligence, and malpractices.

IX) Telecom:

- 1. West Bengal Police Telecommunication was established on 17/04/1946. At present there are about 78 Telecom Stations throughout West Bengal and it is headed by an IPS Officer of the rank of Director General of Police.
- 2. Telecommunication Headquarters provides VHF analog (Low Band / High Band) Radio sets as well as Digital Mobile Radio sets, CCTV Cameras & accessories, UAV's, Satellite Telephones, Computers & accessories for maintaining Law & Order duty. VIP / VVIP duties in different Districts / Police Commissionerates / Police Districts which includes installation, networking maintenance of the system. Telecom HQ also installs and maintains different types of Tower at District / Sub-Divisional Police Station level for VHF & Microwave connectivity.

Beside this, STC Telecommunication also organises Training programme for the Telecom / Police personnel on the technical subjects required for the WBP Telecommunication Branch. STC Telecom also provides RT Operation & Maintenance training for the staffs of West Bengal Fire Service, Civil Defence & West Bengal Forest Department among others.

X) State Crime Records Bureau:

The particulars of SCRB, WB organization, function and duties as follows.

The organization details with RTI information in the following manner.

- i) There is a SPIO in SCRB, WB who answer the RTI petitions. One Dy.SP/Additional SP Rank officer is the SPIO of this unit. DIG, SCRB is the applicant authority of this unit.
- ii) One Inspector and a dealing assistant work for collection and compilation of data for RTI petition.
- iii) After receiving any RTI application SPIO and his team prepare the reply as per available data from this office and after proper consideration, SPIO provide the reply to the RTI petitioner within 30 days of receiving the petition. An RTI application is transferred to another public authority U/S 6(3) of the Right to information Act'2005 if the required information is held by the authority.

<u>State Crime Records Bureau</u>: The State Crime Records Bureau, West Bengal was set up in the year 1987 with the following aims in view:

- a) To supervise and coordinate the activities of the District Crime Records Bureau in districts/commissionerates under WB Police apart from Kolkata Police.
- b) Provide training facilities to the Police personnel of the state and Kolkata Police in computer usage.
- c) To collect and process crime statistics for the State Police and Kolkata Police.
- d) Coordination and maintain liaison with National Crime Records Bureau, New Delhi and other State Crime Record Bureau.

- e) To implement the Crime Criminal Tracking Network (CCTNS) which is a central scheme of MHA, Government of India.
- f) Regional Police Computer Training Centre (RPCTC) is situated at SCRB, WB. It provides training to Police personnel of Bihar, Orissa, Jharkhand, Chattishgarh, Assam, Meghalaya, Manipur, Tripura, Arunachal Pradesh, Sikkim and Andaman & Nikobar Islands etc. on various computer & IT related courses.
- g) SCRB, WB maintains Database on crime Statistics for various queries of different agencies.
- h) SCRB, WB is the State Level implementing agency of the CCTNS Project.
- i) SCRB, WB prepares the statement of CII (Crime in India) & ADSI (Accidental Death & Suicide in India) for annual publications by NCRB, New Delhi.

At present, the organization is headed by DG, SCRB, WB.

Different units of SCRB, WB:

- 1) Crime criminal tracking Network unit
- 2) Statistics Bureau unit
- 3) Training unit
- 4) MT Section
- 5) Reserve Office
- 6) Police Office
- 7) Head Quarter unit
- 8) System wing
- 9) Control Room

Hierarchy Structure of SCRB, WB:

- 1) DG & IGP
- 2) IGP
- 3) DIG
- 4) SP
- 5) Addl SP
- 6) Dy.SP Administration

XI) Training:

The Swami Vivekananda State Police Academy, West Bengal, Barrackpore, previously named as Police Training College, West Bengal was set up on 11th April 1948 at Barrackpore. Since inception of this institution the Principal of the rank of Superintendent of Police was the head of the institution but later the post of the Principal was updated and an officer in the rank of Deputy Inspector General of Police was posted here as the head of the institution since the year 1966. The post of Principal D.T.S. was abolished in the year 2005, vide Govt. Notification No. 158 PS Cell/Vig-61/2003 dtd. 28.01.2005. The functions of the institutions are guided by rules framed under Bengal Police Training Manual 2014 and Rule 789 of Police Regulation of Bengal, 1943.

One Police Training School located at Salua, Paschim Medinipur and some Subsidiary Police Training Centers located throughout the state of West Bengal of which are permanent training centre viz. 1) SAP 4th Bn. Kasba, Raigunj, Uttar Dinajpur, 2) SAP 9th Bn., Sandhya, Krishnangar, Nadia, 3) EFR 2nd Bn. Salua, Paschim Medinipur, 4) SAP 12th Bn. Dabgram, Jalpaiguri, 5) SAP 13th Bn. Barjora, Bankura, 6) Sap 1st Bn., Barrackpore & 7) STC, Telecommunication, West Bengal are entrusted to conduct basic training of Recruit Constables and Pre-Promotional training of Constable to ASI both Unarmed and Armed Branch under academic control of SVSPA, W.B., Barrackpore.

Organisational Setup:

Inspector General of Police, SVSPA : Director
Deputy Inspector General of Police, SVSPA : Vice Principal
Deputy Superintendent of Police : Chief Law Instructor
Deputy Superintendent of Police : Chief Drill Instructor
Deputy Superintendent of Police : Dy. SP (Dog Squad)
Assistant Commissioner of Police KP : AC, KP, SVSPA

Inspector (Unarmed Branch): Law Instructors of Indoor SectionInspector (Armed Branch): Drill Instructors of Outdoor Section

Presently SVSPA, WB, Barrackpore is entrusted to conduct the following training courses:

A. Basic Training

SL No.	Training Courses
1.	Attachment Training of Proby IPS Officers
2.	Basic Training of Proby. Dy. SPs
3.	Basic Police Training of WBRS Officers
4.	Basic Training of Cadet SIs (UB) of West Bengal & Kolkata Police
5.	Basic Training of Cadet SIs (AB) of West Bengal Police
6.	Basic Training of Cadet Sergeants of Kolkata Police
7.	Basic Police Training of Technical Staff of Costal Security of West Bengal
8.	Basic Training of Recruit Constables of West Bengal Police
9.	Basic Training of Recruit Constables of West Bengal Police Excise Department
10.	Basic Training of Junior Recruit Constables of West Bengal Police
11.	Basic Police Training of Wireless Supervisor (Tech.) Grade-II, WBP
12.	Basic Police Training of Wireless Operator, WBP
13.	Basic Police Training of Warder of Correctional Services
14.	Basic Police Training of Jalasathies of Transport Department.
15.	Basic Police Training of Home Guards of West Bengal Police

B. Pre/Post Promotional Training:

SL No.	Training Courses
1.	Pre / Post Promotional Training Courses of SI (UB) for promotion to the rank of Inspector
	(UB).
2.	Pre / Post Promotional Training Courses of SI (AB) for promotion to the rank of Inspector
	(AB).
3.	Pre / Post Promotional Training Courses of ASI (UB) for promotion to the rank of Sub-
	Inspector (UB).
4.	Pre / Post Promotional Training Courses of ASI (AB) for promotion to the rank of Sub-
	Inspector (AB).
5.	Pre / Post Promotional Training Courses of Constables for promotion to the rank of ASI (UB)
6.	Pre / Post Promotional Training Courses of Constables for promotion to the rank of ASI (AB)
7.	Pre-Promotional Training of Wireless Operator for promotion to the rank of Wireless
	Supervisor Grade -ll (Technical / Operational)
8.	Pre-Promotional Training of Wireless Supervisor Grade – l (Technical / Operational) for

	promotion to the rank of Inspector Telecom (Technical / Operational)
9.	Post Promotional Training of ASI (MT)

C. In-service Training

SL No.	Training Courses
1.	In- Service Training of WBCS (Executive) Officers.
2.	In-service training courses on Police Station Management for OC & Senior Sub-Inspectors
3.	In-service training courses of Investigation: Traditional Crime, Economic Crime Cases, Cyber
	Crime Cases and Court Proceeding/Trial Monitoring.
4	In-service training courses on Armed Police Management viz. Weapon and Tactics, Riot
	Control & use of Less Lethal Weapons, Traffic Management, BDDS etc. along with ToT
	Courses.
5.	In-service training on New Criminal Laws, RTI, Anti-Human Trafficking, Juvenile & Women
	Justice.
6.	Sponsored course in association with UNICEF, NHRC, SVP NPA, NCW, NCB, NISD on
	different Social issues, viz. Social Defense, Child Rights, Human Rights, Drug Law
	Enforcement, Gender Justice etc.
7.	In-service training for dogs & dog handlers
8.	In-service training for West Bengal Police Band personnel
9.	Pre-course and basic course of Bomb Detection and Disposal
10.	Training of Trainers (ToT) on different Indoor Subjects viz. New Criminal Laws, Special
	Acts etc.
11.	Training of Trainers (ToT) on different Outdoor Subjects viz. Drill, Physical training,
	Weaponry, Artificial Wall Climbing, Yoga, VIP Security etc.